

AN EFFICIENT SMARTPHONE BASED PARASITE MALARIA DETECTION WITH DEEP NEURAL NETWORKS

P. Rahul Das¹, G.Karuna², V.Srilakshmi³, B.Rupa⁴

¹Computer Science and Engineering, GRIET, Hyderabad, Telangana, India

²Computer Science and Engineering, GRIET, Hyderabad, Telangana, India

³Computer Science and Engineering, GRIET, Hyderabad, Telangana, India

⁴Computer Science and Engineering, GRIET, Hyderabad, Telangana, India

ABSTRACT:

Malaria is a genuine infection brought about aside a blood parasite named Plasmodium spp. World Health Organization gauges 300-500 million malaria cases & more than 1 million passing considering each year. Manual tallying & arrangements epithetical tainted erythrocytes are the tedious & relentless procedure. Computerized parasite recognition running forth cell phones is a promising option trig contrast via manual parasite meaning intestinal sickness determination, particularly trig territories lacking experienced parasitologists. Therefore, significance via grow new instruments a certain encourage fast & simple finding epithetical malaria considering regions amidst constrained access via social insurance administrations can't endure exaggerated. aforementioned work explores chance epithetical mechanized intestinal sickness parasite recognition trig thick blood spreads amidst cell phones. We have built up principal profound learning strategy a certain canister distinguish malaria parasites trig thick blood smear pictures & canister run forth cell phones. Along amidst aforementioned paper, we make a dataset epithetical 1819 thick smear pictures from 150 patients freely accessible via examination network.

Keywords: Deep learning, Convolutional neural networks, Malaria.