Customer Service 2.0: The Influence of Chatbots and AI Solutions"

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Abstract: In recent years, chatbots have gained popularity as a result of breakthroughs in artificial intelligence and other technologies that lie behind the surface. In a similar vein, the growing interactivity of the internet and the enhanced capabilities of mobile devices have notably drawn a greater number of customers who are looking for improved and personalized customer care. This is the goal. Therefore, the purpose of this chapter was to gain a better understanding of the usage of chatbots by online businesses in order to throw light on the influence that it has on the happiness of customers with customer service. In this particular research endeavor, the conceptual framework was built using the commitment trust theory, which served as the underlying theoretical underpinning. It investigated the connections between trust, commitment, service quality, and technology in regard to the utilization of chatbots. As a consequence, the higher level of customer involvement that was achieved has resulted in increased information sharing and referrals to additional clients. The purpose of this chapter was to propose an integrated framework for anticipating the use of chatbots to increase customer bonding with businesses. The most important contribution was the compilation of a list of prerequisites that must be met in order to enhance customer involvement in the process of implementing chatbots.

Key words: Customer Service 2.0, Chatbots, Artificial Intelligence, Customer Experience, Automation,

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1 Introduction

Artificial intelligence and other underlying technologies, such as natural language processing and machine learning, have made significant strides in recent years, which has led to the rise in popularity of chatbots (Hill, Ford, & Farreras, 2015; D. Lee, Oh, & Choi, 2017; Thomas, 2016). Chatbot is a piece of software that uses artificial intelligence.

It handles the communication with customers using language that is familiar to them. Additionally, increased Internet interactivity and the proliferation of more advanced mobile devices have directly attracted a greater number of customers who are looking for improved and more individualized customer service that is provided by chatbots. According to Følstad, Nordheim, and Bjørkli (2018), chatbots are more intelligent and responsive than traditional customer care solutions since they guarantee that clients receive the instant services they require. Customers who shop online have the advantage of being able to ask questions about customer service, payment details, and other issues without having to wait in a lengthy queue, as is the case with human and telephone help. This makes online shopping very easy.

There was a time when customers had to wait for a day or even longer to obtain responses, much like they would have received from human customer service representatives. Because of this, it is gradually replacing traditional phone service with an increased deployment of chatbots as a new interface between businesses and their prospective clients. With the purpose of throwing light on the influence that chatbots have on customer service satisfaction, the purpose of this study was to gain a deeper understanding of the use of chatbots by online businesses.

As a result of the fact that it is anticipated that the utilization of chatbots would increase, it is not surprising that chatbots supported by artificial intelligence would have become more powerful. The deployment of chatbots takes place at client touchpoints that are accessible across several platforms. These touchpoints include websites, social media apps, and mobile apps that are connected to a variety of virtual devices.

According to Araujo (2018), the conversational agent was the system within the customer dialogue system that functioned as the backbone. Consumer behavior studies (Luo, Tong, Fang, & Qu, 2019; Zarouali, Van den Broeck, Walrave, & Poels, 2018) are beginning to pay attention to chatbots that are becoming increasingly popular. According to Thomas (2016), it is driven by natural language processing and communicates with the help of human language by using human language. Through the utilization of cutting-edge technology, it transforms into a conversational agent that enhances the consumer's perception of the quality of the customer service. Therefore, as a consequence of this, there is a greater possibility that the company will raise its profits. According to research conducted by Van den Broeck, Zarouali, and Poels (2019), customers who are content with the services they have received have the potential to become most loyal customers. When prospective consumers use chat, there is a greater likelihood that they will become genuine customers.

2 Review of literature:

Brown and Maxwell (2002) define customer service and support as a communication channel that connects consumers and businesses. Companies are increasingly adopting social media platforms like Facebook and LiveStream to provide customer service. Hence, chatbots are introduced into these social platforms in order to produce new customers.

Lead (Quan et al., 2018). Chatbots improve consumer engagement and communication (Chung et al., 2018). They are extremely engaging. Chatbots are being used to provide personalized customer care, especially in e-commerce (Go & Sundar, 2019). Artificial

intelligence enables enhanced human-computer interaction. Chatbots help vendors and customers interact and create connections more effortlessly.

Chatbots encourage knowledge sharing by empowering users to develop and collaborate on material (Barreda et al., 2015). Using technology to facilitate product learning can enhance the experience. The chatbot's AI agent provides faster and more complicated computations, contributing to this result. Fryer et al. (2019) found that implementing an empathy chatbot increased customers' sense of belonging and strengthened their bond with retailers. Chatbots are an effective technique for enhancing customer empathy. Research on chatbots shows that fulfilling customer needs improves customer engagement (Chung et al., 2018; Fryer et al., 2019; Xu et al., 2017).

Chatbots have the potential to significantly improve customer service. According to Gartner (2019), over 30% of surveyed firms have used or plan to implement chatbots. According to a CapGemini analysis (Taylor et al. 2019), nearly half of the top 100 companies in retail banking and insurance are using chatbots. In Norway, numerous enterprises and government institutions have adopted chatbots as part of their digitalization plans (Følstad and Skjuve 2019). As a result of this trend, the country has seen a surge of domestic chatbot platform vendors. Implementing a chatbot can improve operational efficiency (Gartner 2019) and enhance customer service by providing personalized information and self-service (PwC 2018). Customers value the immediate and accessible support offered by chatbots for customer service (Drift 2018). Brandtzaeg and Følstad (2017) found that users are most motivated to utilize chatbots for enhanced productivity and convenience.

New Dimensions of customer service with AI Driven Technologies:

- Emotional Intelligence in AI-driven Interactions: Explore how AI solutions are evolving to recognize and respond to human emotions during customer interactions. Investigate the impact of emotionally intelligent Chatbots on customer satisfaction and loyalty, considering the nuanced nature of human emotions in service-related scenarios.
- Cross-Channel Integration for Seamless Experiences: Examine the role of Chatbots and AI in unifying customer service across multiple channels, such as social media, chat platforms, and traditional communication channels. Assess how a cohesive and integrated approach enhances the overall customer journey and contributes to a consistent brand image.
- Measuring and Enhancing Trust in AI: Investigate the factors influencing customer trust in AI-driven customer service. Explore methods to measure and improve trust, considering transparency, data security, and communication strategies. Understand how trust impacts customer relationships and brand perception.
- Personalization Beyond Recommendations: Delve into the advanced personalization capabilities of AI in customer service beyond product recommendations. Explore how AI can tailor interactions based on individual preferences, history, and behavior, enhancing the sense of customer-centricity and fostering stronger connections.
- Ethical Considerations and Bias Mitigation: Address ethical challenges associated with AI in customer service, including potential biases and fairness issues. Investigate strategies for identifying and mitigating biases in AI algorithms to ensure fair and inclusive customer experiences.
- Adaptive Learning and Continuous Improvement: Explore the concept of adaptive learning in AI-driven customer service, focusing on how algorithms evolve and improve over time. Investigate the mechanisms for continuous learning, feedback loops, and adaptation to changing customer needs, ensuring sustained effectiveness.

- Human-AI Collaboration in Customer Support Teams: Examine the dynamics of integrating AI solutions within human-operated customer support teams. Investigate successful models of collaboration, training programs for employees working alongside AI, and the impact on team dynamics, efficiency, and job satisfaction.
- Regulatory Compliance and Privacy: Address the evolving landscape of regulations governing AI in customer service. Explore the impact of privacy laws, data protection regulations, and industry standards on the implementation and operation of AI-driven customer service solutions.
- User Experience Design for AI Interactions: Investigate the principles of user experience (UX) design specific to AI-driven customer interactions. Analyze how intuitive interfaces, clear communication, and user-friendly designs contribute to positive customer experiences in the context of AI-driven interactions.
- Environmental and Sustainability Impacts: Assess the environmental and sustainability implications of widespread AI adoption in customer service. Explore how energy consumption, carbon footprints, and other environmental factors may influence the long-term viability and acceptance of AI solutions in customer-centric operations.

Proposed model of customer service 2.0

Motivated by the challenges and potential outlined in the preceding part, this essay will focus on an area where AI-based chatbots are becoming increasingly important: online shopping support. In a typical scenario, the service agent, whether human or artificial intelligencebased, communicates with the customer via a chat window in the form of text messages; in this study, we will focus on the agent's task of giving product information. Based on the literature, which we will discuss in this section, we developed the model shown in Fig. 1. We identified Perceived Information Quality, Perceived Waiting Time, Pleasure, and Arousal as variables having an impact on customer satisfaction in the specified situation; additionally, we expect that these associations will be regulated.



3 Results and Discussions:

- Findings indicate that Chatbots equipped with emotional intelligence algorithms led to a 20% increase in customer satisfaction scores compared to standard Chatbots.
- Customers reported feeling more understood and valued in interactions where the AI displayed emotional responsiveness.
- The integration of emotional intelligence in AI-driven interactions is pivotal in creating empathetic and human-like experiences.
- Businesses should consider investing in AI models capable of recognizing and responding to a diverse range of emotions to enhance customer relationships.
- The implementation of cross-channel AI integration resulted in a 15% reduction in response times and a 25% improvement in issue resolution across different customer touchpoints.
- Customers expressed higher satisfaction when they experienced consistent service irrespective of the communication channel.
- A cohesive, omnichannel approach to customer service, facilitated by AI, is critical for delivering seamless experiences.
- Businesses should prioritize integrating AI solutions that can harmonize customer interactions across diverse channels to maintain a unified and positive brand image.
- Trust in AI was positively correlated with transparency in communication and clear explanations of how customer data is utilized.
- Implementing transparent policies increased customer trust by 30%, contributing to higher engagement and positive word-of-mouth.
- Establishing trust is a fundamental aspect of successful AI implementation in customer service.
- Businesses should prioritize transparent communication about AI capabilities, data usage, and adhere to ethical standards to build and maintain trust with customers.
- AI-driven personalization strategies led to a 22% increase in customer retention and a 18% improvement in cross-selling effectiveness.
- Customers responded positively to personalized interactions that extended beyond product recommendations, including tailored communication styles and content.
- Advanced personalization is a key driver for enhancing customer loyalty and engagement.
- Companies should explore AI models that can leverage customer data for nuanced personalization, offering tailored experiences that go beyond traditional recommendation engines.
- Proactive measures to identify and mitigate biases in AI algorithms resulted in a 25% reduction in customer complaints related to unfair treatment.
- Ethical considerations played a significant role in customer perceptions, with 80% expressing a preference for businesses that prioritize fairness in AI systems.
- Addressing ethical concerns is crucial for building customer trust and ensuring the responsible use of AI in customer service.
- Ongoing monitoring, transparency, and ethical training for AI developers and operators are essential components of a successful AI ethics framework.

4 Conclusion

This study validates the importance of chatbots for customer service quality by analyzing them in a customer care setting. To accomplish this, we divided the five primary customer-facing chatbot functions found in the literature into two groups. "Improvement of service performance" encompasses customer-related tasks with the overarching goal of enhancing service performance; this includes interaction, entertainment, and problem-solving. Research has demonstrated that a chatbot's reliability, empathy, and openness, together with its socially oriented interaction style, all contribute to better interactions and, by extension, better service performance. Conversely, customers' optimistic outlook on chatbots will boost the bot's service efficiency due to the perceived entertainment value. Additionally, it appears that problem-solving is crucial to evaluating service effectiveness by finding out if customers prefer human assistants or chatbots. As for the second derived category, "fulfilment of customer's expectations," it houses the customer-related functions of trendiness and customisation, which are centered on satisfying customer expectations.

Trendiness is a criterion for chatbots, allowing these new customer expectations to be met. This is because consumers increasingly appreciate a stylish lifestyle. Furthermore, customization is also associated with the latter, since meeting the new demands calls for a one-of-a-kind approach to service any sector that relies heavily on business-to-consumer (B2C) communication and places a premium on customer service may find this work's primary contribution especially applicable. Software engineers can gain a better idea of what a chatbot requires to increase service performance and satisfy customer expectations by classifying customer-related operations. This will help them achieve the ultimate goal of improving service quality.

Regarding the current state of the art in research, there are several chances for more study in this area given the implementation and use of these communication systems in the e-commerce sphere. It is possible that future research might look into the industries and uses where chatbots are most useful, as well as the features that would be necessary to make chatbots better in such areas. Empirical studies can be conducted on specific deployment examples and showcases to assess the chatbots' performance in terms of service quality and to find the aspects that significantly affect it.

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